18

STUDY GUIDE LATHE SAFETY

NAME:	1
CLASS OR PERIOD:	- 20
DATE OF INSTRUCTION:	

	Wear a face shield when operating a lathe. Wear a cap. If your hair is long be sure it's tucked away neatly and tightly under the cap. Your hair <i>must</i> be kept away from the	12.	Check the gouges and wood turning chisels to be sure they are sharp and in good condition, but don't test them with your fingers.	
3.	Clothing must be tucked in and sleeves must be rolled up neatly, out of the way. Loose clothing can get caught in the lathe.	13.	Some chisels and gouges are hand tools and some are for use with the lathe. Use only those chisels and gouges manufactured for lathe turning. Do not use anything except wood turning tools.	
4.	Don't wear any jewelry when you operate a lathe. Remove rings, watches, bracelets or necklaces.	14.	Adjust the speed of the lathe for the type of work you're going to do. Rough work should be done at the lowest speed pos- sible. Large stock should also be turned at	
5.	Don't let anyone stand nearby or talk to you while you operate the lathe.		a lower speed.	
6.	When a safety shield is used with the lathe, the shield must be clear and free of scratches, dust or waste material. Keep the shield clean so you can see through it	15.	If the lathe begins to shake or vibrate, turn it off immediately. A vibration usually means the work is off-center or coming loose.	
7.	Inspect the wood carefully for defects. Be sure there are no knots, checks, splits or other defects. The wood must be sound and in good condition.	16.	When you measure or make an adjustment, turn off the lathe and wait for it to come to a complete stop. Do not use calipers or move the tool rest unless the lathe is completely stopped.	
8.	If the work has been glued, allow at least 24 hours for it to set up properly. Be sure the wood is firmly bonded together.	17.	Keep the tools sharp. Stop the work from time-to-time and sharpen the tools. Using a dull tool on the lathe is extremely dangerous.	
9.	When the dead center is used, put paraffin, oil or soap on it. Lubricating the dead center reduces friction and prevents the	18.	Always hold the cutting tool firmly with both hands.	
	stock from burning and coming loose.	19.	Whenever possible, start the cut in the middle of the stock and cut toward the end.	
10.	Be sure the material is centered and fas- tened firmly, and that the handwheel on the trileteck is leaded	20	Don't start a cut at the end of the stock.	
1.	Set the tool rest in position close to the material, but clear of the material. Turn the stock by hand to be sure it clears the	20.	Deep cuts are dangerous. You could injure yourself or damage the cutting tool, the work and the lathe by forcing the cut. Make shallow, smooth, even cuts.	
	tool rest at all points. The tool rest must not touch the material.	21.	When faceplate turning, the material must be firmly and securely fastened to the faceplate.	

STUDY GUIDE LATHE SAFETY second page

NAME:	
CLASS OR PERIOD:	

22.	Use a scraping cut for faceplate turning. Don't use the gouge for faceplate turning.	
23.	Avoid cutting into the screws when mounting screws are used to hold the material to the faceplate.	
24.	Remove the tool rest before you begin sanding or polishing.	
25.	Polishing rags should be folded neatly to keep them from being caught in the turning lathe or the stock.	
26.	Use a slow speed for sanding and polishing. High speed produces too much heat.	
27.	Use the lathe <i>only</i> after its correct, safe operation has been fully demonstrated and you understand how to use it properly.	

TEST **LATHE SAFETY**

NAME:		
CLASS OR F	PERIOD:	
DATE:	SCORE:	

ALWAYS WEAR EYE PROTECTION

1.	Ashould be worn to protect		
	your eyes when operating a lathe.		
2.	should be tucked neatly		
	under a cap to keep it from being caught in the moving lathe.		
3.	Loose clothing must be tucked in neatly so it won't get in the lathe.		
4.	Never wear a necklace or other		
	while operating the lathe.		
5.	No one should stand near the operator or		
	to the person operating the		
	lathe.		
6.	When a safety shield is used, it must be kept		
	so the operator can see through it clearly.		
7.	The wood that is being turned must be in good condition and free of any		
8.	If the wood has been glued, it should set up for at least 24 hours and be firmly before		
	it is turned.		
9.	When the dead center is used, it should be		
	to reduce friction.		
0.	The material must be and fastened firmly in the lathe.		
1.	Adjust the tool rest so it is close to the material without		
	it at any point.		
12.	The wood turning chisels and gouges must be in good condition and		
13.	Use only chisels and gouges that are specifically designed and manufactured for		

COMPLETE EACH STATEMENT WITH THE CORRECT LETTER OR WORDS IN THIS COLUMN

- A. WOOD TURNING
- B. ADJUSTMENTS
- C. MIDDLE
- D. SCRAPING
- E. POLISHING RAG
- F. TOUCHING
- G. LUBRICATED
- H. FACE SHIELD
- I. JEWELRY
- J. DEFECTS
- K. SLOW
- L. MOUNTING SCREWS
- M. DEEP
- N. DANGEROUS
- O. LONG HAIR
- P. TALK
- Q. BONDED
- R. CENTERED
- S. SPEED
- T. UNDERSTAND
- U. TOOL REST
- V. SHARP
- W. VIBRATE
- X. FIRMLY
- Y. FACEPLATE
- Z. CAUGHT
- AA. CLEAN

18

safely.

GET PERMISSION

TEST LATHE SAFETY second page

NAME:	
CLASS OR PERIOD:	

14.	The of the lathe should be	
	adjusted for the type of material and the size of the material that is going to be turned.	
15.	The lathe should be turned off immediately if it begins to	
16.	The lathe must be turned off and completely stopped before any or measurements are made.	A. WOOD TURNING B. ADJUSTMENTS C. MIDDLE
17.	Dull tools are more than	D. SCRAPING
	tools that are kept sharp.	E. POLISHING RAG F. TOUCHING
18.	The cutting tool must be held	G. LUBRICATED
	with both hands.	H. FACE SHIELD I. JEWELRY
19.	Whenever possible, the cut should be started in the of the stock.	J. DEFECTS K. SLOW
20.	The cut should be shallow, smooth and even. A cut that is too is dangerous.	L. MOUNTING SCREWS M. DEEP N. DANGEROUS O. LONG HAIR
21.	When faceplate turning, the material must be securely fastened to the	P. TALK Q. BONDED
22.	A	R. CENTERED
22.	Atype of cut must be used for faceplate turning.	S. SPEED T. UNDERSTAND
23.	When are used to hold the material to the faceplate, extra care must be taken to avoid cutting into them.	U. TOOL REST V. SHARP W. VIBRATE X. FIRMLY
24.	Before any sanding or polishing operation, the must be removed.	Y. FACEPLATE Z. CAUGHT AA. CLEAN
25.	Fold the neatly so it won't get caught in the turning lathe or the material.	
	A	to the state of th
26.	Use a speed for sanding or polishing.	
27.	Do not use the lathe until you fully	

18

ANSWER KEY LATHE SAFETY

18

ANSWER KEY

LATHE SAFETY second page

STATEMENT NUMBER	CORRECT LETTER AND WORDS	STATEMENT NUMBER	CORRECT LETTER AND WORDS
1	H. FACE SHIELD	14	S. SPEED
2	O. LONG HAIR		
3	Z. CAUGHT	15 16	W. VIBRATE B. ADJUSTMENTS
4	I. JEWELRY	17	N. DANGEROUS
5	P. TALK	18	X. FIRMLY
6	AA. CLEAN	19	C. MIDDLE
7	J. DEFECTS	20	M. DEEP
8	Q. BONDED	21	Y. FACEPLATE
		22	D. SCRAPING
9	G. LUBRICATED R. CENTERED	23	L. MOUNTING SCREWS
			t.
11	F. TOUCHING	24	U. TOOL REST
12	V. SHARP	25	E. POLISHING RAG
13	A. WOOD TURNING	26	K. SLOW
ANSWER KEY 18	В	27	T. UNDERSTAND